

**Advanced Course in Experimental Physics EV-A
(Lasers, Atomic Physics and Quantum Optics)**

Winter Term 2018/2019

Prof. Dr. Joachim von Zanthier

1. Fundamental Aspects of the Laser
 - I. History
 - II. Principal working scheme
 - III. Fundamental properties
 - IV. Applications
2. Optical Resonators
 - I. Ray optics and ray transfer matrix analysis
 - II. Stability criteria for optical resonators
3. Propagation of Waves in Optical Media
 - I. Wave equation
 - II. Elementary solutions
4. Gaussian Beams
 - I. Solution of the paraxial wave equation
 - II. Gaussian beams of higher order
 - III. Properties of Gaussian beams
 - IV. Gaussian beams and resonators
 - V. Resonators as interferometer and spectrometer
5. Interaction of Light and Matter
 - I. Black body radiation
 - II. Classical description
 - III. Semiclassical description (Heisenberg picture and Schrödinger picture)
 - IV. Interaction of an atom with a monochromatic wave
6. Theory of the Laser:
 - I. Maxwell-Bloch equations
 - II. Laser operation in equilibrium
 - III. Rate equations
 - IV. Outcoupled laser power
 - V. Relaxation oscillations
 - VI. Micro-lasers
 - VII. Laser noise (Schawlow-Townes-Limit)
 - VIII. Generation and measurement of ultrashort pulses
7. Specific Laser Systems:
 - I. Gas lasers
 - II. Solid state lasers
 - III. Vibronic lasers
 - IV. Laser frequency analysis and - stabilization
8. Laserspectroscopy:
 - I. Spectral lines + -profiles, broadening mechanisms
 - II. Doppler free spectroscopy
9. Cooling and Trapping of Atoms with Laser Light
 - I. Semi-classical theory of light forces

- II. Radiation pressure force: Doppler cooling
- III. Magneto-optical trap
- IV. Dipole force: optical tweezer
- V. Trapping of single atoms
- VI. Optical lattices for neutral atoms
- VII. Bose-Einstein-Condensates

10. Introduction to Nonlinear Optics

- I. Nonlinear polarization and susceptibility
- II. Wave propagation in nonlinear media
- III. Frequency doubling
- IV. Sum-frequency and difference-frequency generation

11. Introduction to Quantum Optics

- I. Photon correlation functions
- II. Hanbury-Brown and Twiss experiment
- III. Quantum nature of light: Photon statistics
- IV. Resonance fluorescence